Fam. **Drepanulidæ.**

Drepana japonica.

Upperside pale vinous lavender-grey; two narrow brown-bordered, yellow, obliquely transverse bands on both wings, the outer band crossing from apex to middle of abdominal margin, the inner band from middle of costa to one third the latter; costal edge and apex of fore wing ochreous yellow; cilia bordered with an inner brown line; a slight curved brown streak on fore wing and a small spot on hind wing at the end of the cell. Prothorax, tip of abdomen, and a band near its base ochreous yellow. Antennæ and front of head, and legs above, brown. Underside pale brownish ochreous, darkest on fore wing.

Exp. $1\frac{4}{8}$ inch.

Hab. Japan. In coll. W. B. Pryer.

Fam. **Cossidæ.**

Phassus sinensis.

Male and *female*. Upperside pale vinous greyish brown: fore wing with pale-bordered blackish spots on the costa; a triangular blackish-brown patch from base of cell extending beneath and broadly to its end, which is marked at the base by a bright yellow spot, and at the end by an oblique straight broad yellow streak and a few speckles; streaks on hind margin and discal and marginal band composed of grey chalybeate streaks between the veins, the transverse interspaces brown: hind wing paler and slightly diaphanous, apical border with chalybeate streaks. Underside paler, markings indistinct.

Exp. ♂ $2\frac{1}{8}$, ♀ $3\frac{4}{8}$ inches.

Hab. Shanghai. In coll. W. B. Pryer and F. Moore.

XIII.—*Description of four new Species of Birds from the Indian Region.* By Arthur, Marquis of Tweeddale, F.R.S.

Megalurus ruficeps, sp. n.

♀. Lower surface white, faintly tinged with cream-colour on the breast. Flanks pale earthy brown. Under tail-coverts pale dingy isabelline rufous; thigh-coverts of a more decided

rufous. Space before the eye and supercilium, passing well behind the eye, greyish white. Forehead, head, and nape pure bright uniform rufous. Back olive-grey, each feather broadly centred by a longitudinal stripe of brown. Uropygium and upper tail-coverts uniform olive-grey. The base of the long and lax uropygial feathers pure dark grey, the tips only being olive-grey. Rectrices above dull ruddy brown, obsoletely barred with narrow brown lines. Quills brown, externally margined with ferruginous olive. Lesser wing-coverts olive-grey; greater tinged with ferruginous.

Wing 2·75 inches, tail 5·25, tarsus 1·0, culmen 0·56.

Obtained by Mr. A. H. Everett at Monte Alban and at San Mateo, in Luzon, during February. Only one example has the sex noted on the label; but as the dimensions of the other individual coincide, it is probably also a female, the dimensions of the males in this genus exceeding those of the females.

Niltava leucura, sp. n.

♂. Crown and nape blue, glossed with pale lazuline, most conspicuous on the forehead and supercilium. Lores and narial plumes black. Back, uropygium, and upper tail-coverts dead lazuline blue. Chin, throat, and breast grey, washed with lazuline blue, which shades into white on the abdomen. Ventral region and under tail-coverts pure white. Flanks bluish ash. Quills brown, margined above with dark blue. Wing-coverts like the head. Wing-lining and axillaries grey. Outer pair of rectrices brown, pure white at the base; next two pairs with the outer webs brown, washed with blue, the base of each and nearly the whole of the inner webs pure white; the fourth pair brown on the inner web and with three fourths of the basal part of the outer web pure white; fifth pair brown, washed with blue on the outer webs; middle pair blue. Bill black; legs light brown.

Wing 3·50 inches, tail 3·0, tarsus 0·87, culmen 0·62.

Obtained by Mr. Limbourg at Taoo, 5000 feet elevation, in Tenasserim.

Dicæum xanthopygium, sp. n.

♂. Above, cheeks, and wing-coverts dark bluish slate-grey. An isolated dorsal patch crimson. Uropygium yellow. Chin, throat, and upper part of breast yellow. Remainder of breast, abdomen, and flanks orange. Ventral region, thigh-coverts, and under tail-coverts yellow tinged with green. Rectrices and quills dark brown; the primaries narrowly margined with white, the secondaries with olive-green.

Wing 1·96 inch, tail 1·06, tarsus 0·50, culmen 0·38.

Discovered by Mr. A. H. Everett at Monte Alban, in Luzon.

Oxycerca Everetti, sp. n.

♂ and ♀. Chin and throat dark brown; breast, flanks, and thigh-coverts warm nutmeg-brown. Abdomen and vent pure white, some of the lower breast-feathers being marked with brown, and some of the flank-feathers being white on their inner webs, brown on their outer, and with white shafts. Under tail-coverts very dark brown or black. Above, wings, and coverts brown, each feather, except the frontal and upper tail-coverts, having a conspicuous pure white central line along the shaft, very prominent on the wing-coverts. Some of the upper tail-coverts tipped with ochre. Rectrices brown, the middle pair broadly margined, the laterals less so, with yellow and greyish yellow. Inner edges of the quills pale rufous seen from underneath.

Wing 1·87 inch, tail 1·75, tarsus 0·56, culmen 0·38.

Several examples of this species were obtained by Mr. A. H. Everett at Monte Alban and San Mateo, in Luzon. The sexes do not differ in plumage. A representative form of *O. leucogaster*.

XIV.—*Report on the Crustacea collected by the Naturalists of the Arctic Expedition in* 1875–76. By Edward J. Miers, F.L.S., F.Z.S., Assistant in the Zoological Department, British Museum.

[Continued from p. 66.]

AMPHIPODA.

Anonyx nugax.

Anonyx nugax, Phipps, Voy. North Pole, Appendix, p. 192, pl. xii. fig. 2 (1774).

Gammarus nugax, Sabine, Append. Capt. Parry's 1st Voy. p. 51 (1821).

Talitrus nugax, Ross, Append. Capt. Parry's 3rd Voy. p. 119 (1826); Append. 4th Voy. p. 205 (1828).

Lysianassa lagena, Kröyer, Dansk. Vidensk. Selsk. Afh. vii. p. 237, pl. i. fig. 1 ♀ (1838); M.-Edw. Hist. Nat. Crust. iii. p. 21 (1840); Bell in Belcher, 'Last of the Arctic Voyages,' Crust. p. 406 (1855).

Lysianassa appendiculosa, Kröyer, *l. c.* p. 240, pl. i. fig. 2 ♂ (1838).

Lysianassa appendiculata, M.-Edw. Hist. Nat. Crust. iii. p. 21 (1840); S. Bate, Cat. Amphip. Crust. Brit. Mus. p. 67, pl. x. fig. 8 ♂.